

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

VOL. VI--NO. 73.

MAYSVILLE, KY., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1887.

PRICE ONE CENT.

FOR THE BLOOD BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Combining IRON with PURE VEGETABLE TONICS, quickly and completely CLEANSSE and ENRICHES THE BLOOD. Clears the complexion, makes the skin smooth. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—ALL OTHER IRON MEDICINES DO. Physicians and Druggists everywhere recommend it.

Dr. N. S. ROGERS, of Marion, Mass., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood diseases, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved thoroughly satisfactory." Dr. R. M. DILLON, Reynolds, Ind., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood diseases, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved thoroughly satisfactory." Dr. Wm. BRUNS, 28 St. Mary St., New Orleans, La., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters relieved me in a case of blood poisoning, and I heartily commend it to those needing a blood purifier."

Dr. W. W. MOORE, Tusculum, Ala., says: "I have been troubled from childhood with impure blood and eruptions on my face—two bottles of Brown's Iron Bitters effected a perfect cure. I cannot speak too highly of this valuable medicine."

Contains above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

SPECIAL NOTICE

—TO THE—

SICK AND AFFLICTED

Dr. J. Lyman Wesley

formerly examining physician of the Middlesex Health Sanitarium, Lowell, Mass., and late of Boston, is now located at Lexington, Ky., and by request, has decided to visit Maysville on

MONDAY, FEB. 21,

and remain one week at the Central Hotel. Office hours: from 9 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 6 p. m. DR. WESLEY will visit Maysville every other week during the Winter and Spring months should his practice warrant it.

The success that attended DR. WESLEY'S efforts in this city some two years ago attracted widespread attention and caused hundreds to visit him who had almost abandoned all hope of relief, and in nearly every instance the sufferers were either cured or greatly benefited from the treatment they received. His scientific method of diagnosing disease without asking the patient a single question is a surprise to them all, but very easily understood by the doctor, as he has made the human system a study for the past sixteen years, and his large experience in the hospitals of Europe and this country has enabled him to perform many wonderful cures which have been pronounced incurable.

DR. WESLEY makes a specialty in the treatment of chronic diseases, such as dyspepsia, rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, dropsy and all the diseases of the Blood, Heart, Liver, Kidneys, Spine, Piles, Testicles,

CANCERS, TUMORS

and in fact nearly all the diseases to which the human flesh is heir to are treated successfully by him.

Ladies who are suffering with diseases peculiar to their sex can consult the doctor with every assurance of relief, as he gives special attention to the treatment of all female complaints.

DR. WESLEY'S

Compound Oxygen!

Is positive and speedy in its action, penetrating the air-passages, conveying the germ of the compound directly to the seat of the trouble, expelling impurities, removing all obstacles and permanently curing the most severe and chronic forms of

NASAL CATARRH.

Deafness, Asthma, Throat and Bronchial trouble, Hay Fever, Consumption in its incipient stage, Nervous Diseases, Headache, &c. Patients can be treated at their own homes with the Compound Oxygen Treatment.

DR. WESLEY will refer, by permission, to a few of his many friends and patients in Lexington, Ky., many of whom were treated and cured by him two years ago:

Mrs. T. N. Shepherd, 128 South Broadway.
Mrs. M. Carpenter, 161 East High street.
Miss Kate Austin, 91 East High street.
Mrs. Hannah Parrish, Richmond pike.
Mrs. Tilly Henry, Main street.
Mrs. Cora Caldwell, North Broadway.
Judge J. R. Jewell, office, court house.
Dr. J. Mayfield, Main street.
Dr. C. J. Smith, Georgetown pike.
Mr. C. W. Townsend, editor Weekly Drummer.
Mr. C. P. O'Neil, City Surveyor, Race street.
Mr. H. Boswell, Grocer, proprietor Ashland Hotel.
Mr. B. J. Cox, Insurance Agent, 158 Short.
Mr. G. H. Kline, dealer in fancy groceries, Short street.
Mr. John McDuffy, Race, corner of Fifth.
Mr. John T. Miller, hardware, Main street.
Mr. N. Parrish, Richmond pike.
Mr. George L. Stow, Main street.
Mr. Sidney Hill, New own, pike.
Consultation FREE.

PURE



FRUIT FLAVOURING EXTRACTS

The "OLD HOUSE" Established 1840.
JOSEPH R. PEEBLES & SONS,
"GROCERS," Pike's Building, Cincinnati, O.
Guarantee their Pure Fruit Flavouring Extracts, produced from selected and perfectly ripe fruit, being made by the strength, quality and purity, North Broadway.
Hotels, Club Caterers and Housekeepers should write to Peebles' Warehouse and particularize price list, mailed free.

WASHINGTON TELEGRAMS.

WORK OF THE VARIOUS COMMITTEES AT THE CAPITOL.

Four Million Six Hundred Thousand Dollars to Be Appropriated for the Mexican Pension Bill—Fixing Up a Commissioners' State—Senate Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The house committee on appropriations have agreed to amendments to the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, appropriating \$4,000,000 for payments under the Mexican pension bill and providing five chiefs of examining divisions in the pension office, at \$1,800 a year each in place of five special examiners now receiving \$1,400 a year and \$1 a day for expenses. The question of granting an additional force of employees to carry out the provisions of the Mexican pension law was referred to a sub-committee.

The naval committee agreed to report favorably the bills to equalize the pay of graduates from the naval academy and increasing the pay of assistant engineers by restoring certain cadet engineers.

Military affairs heard some informal remarks by Gen. Sheridan on the subject of coast defenses, in connection with the consideration of the McAdoo bill. Gen. Sheridan said that we needed guns more than anything else; and that if we got them, places would be provided for them. Chairman Bragg suggested that a board of competition be provided to test guns of all kinds, and this will also be considered at further meetings of the committee.

The committee on commerce will have a special meeting to-morrow morning to consider the Eads ship railway canal bill.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Resolutions from the Maine legislature were presented and laid on the table setting forth that as the rights of American fishermen in Canadian waters have been greatly abridged, as their treatment has been in direct violation of comity and good neighborhood, the enactment of laws by the American government is favored so that Canadian fishermen may be placed under the same restrictions in American as Americans are in Canadian waters. The resolutions further request that an increased duty be levied on fish from Canada in order to practically exclude Canadian fishermen from the advantages of the American market.

Among the bills reported and placed on the calendar were the following: Changing the boundaries of the fourth collection district of Virginia; confirming to the city of Aurora, Ill., a small island in Fox river within the city limits; authorizing the Stillwater & Cook City Railway company to construct a railroad through the Crow River Indian reserve.

The credentials of Frank Hiseok as senator from New York for the full term, beginning March 4, 1887, were presented and placed on file.

Mr. Dolph offered a resolution authorizing the commerce committee to sit during the recess at such places as it may deem proper, to inquire into the laws governing the use of monies appropriated for rivers and harbors, the character and condition of the work, etc. Referred to the commerce committee.

Mr. Evans presented the conference report on the polygamy bill, a substitute for both senate and house bills. Mr. Vest said as a matter of course the bill would become law, but he could not vote for it. No amount of criticism would affect his course as a legislator. In his judgment, the bill violated the principle of the constitution as to rights of property. One of the provisions was a naked, bald simple confiscation, and nothing else. The same might be done in regard to any other religious corporation in the country. It was no answer to say that it applied only to the Mormon church.

The senate at 3 o'clock adopted the anti-polygamy conference report by a vote of 37 to 14, and took up the river and harbor bill.

Will There Be an Extra Session?

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Some of the Republican senators think there will be a special session of the senate after the 4th of March for the consideration of treaties. There are several treaties now pending. The senate has not had time during the short session to consider them. The so-called session of the senate might last for a month or six weeks. If the president should call the senate together in special session he could easily select his secretary of the treasury until Mr. Manning's resignation takes effect on April 1. It would also give him more time for the selecting of the interstate commerce commissioners. If he waits until after March 4 he can make some selection from the members of congress who have not been re-elected. None of these now can be appointed until their terms expire. If the appointment of the commission should be delayed until March 4 Mr. Morrison would have a good chance. His name has been mentioned to-day in connection with the office of secretary of the treasury.

Fixing Up a Commissioner's State.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—There is hardly a doubt that the president has settled upon three of the commissioners, Clark, of Massachusetts; Kernon, of New York; and Bragg, of Alabama. The south will claim at least two members of the commission, and should this be granted it is safe to say that Senator Maxey will be the other southern representative. The other two will come doubtless from Illinois, and either Wisconsin or Minnesota. There is much talk about the possibility of Gen. Corro Gordo Williams, of Kentucky; and Gen. A. H. Buckner, of Missouri; though it is hardly probable either of them will be recognized. The secretary to the commission will be selected from some railroad office, and will be a man familiar with the making and compiling of rates.

"Cerro Gordo" Williams Gets His Pension.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The first person to receive the benefit of the Mexican pension law was "Cerro Gordo" Williams, of Kentucky. Gen. Williams filed his application in this city Wednesday, and received his certificate yesterday, which he will present at the Louisville agency and receive in return \$5, the amount of his pension.

Smith M. Weed to Succeed Manning.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—It is stated on pretty good authority that the president has

asked Smith M. Weed, a lawyer of New York, to accept the secretaryship of the treasury. It is also understood that Mr. Clumpin, state comptroller of New York, will succeed Mr. Jordan as United States treasurer.

Mr. Jordan's Successor.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—It is understood that Mr. Clumpin, state comptroller of New York, will succeed Mr. Jordan as United States treasurer, and that he will resign that office when he is appointed treasurer.

A CONVICT'S CONFESSION.

A Man Imprisoned Twelve Years for a Crime Committed by His Wife.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 19.—The senate state prison committee visited Stillwater yesterday, and were furnished with a peculiar written confession, addressed to Ignatius Donnelly, by convict Michael Kelly, an aged Irishman, once a resident of St. Paul and sentenced for life twelve years ago for killing Barney Lamb. Kelly writes:

"Unfortunate Barney Lamb was my near neighbor. We became involved in a quarrel and fight. Before we commenced to fight I gave my cavalry sword with me, which I gave to my wife to take to the house, but she did not, and when Lamb had me by the hair and held my head opposite his waist, my wife, supposing he would do me bodily harm, cried to him to let go, at the same time shoving him from me, and that was the time the fatal wound was given with my sword. But the sword was not in my hands. I did not divulge this fact at the trial, for I had no fear of being convicted, as I knew I did not kill Lamb, and I was moved by a more powerful incentive, most sacred to me next to God. She was my wife, the mother of my children, and I loved her."

Kelly claims to have served in the late war for five years. His prison record is good.

Trouble Over a Car Load of Beer.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Feb. 19.—A car load of beer marked Hurlbut & Hess, and billed to C. H. Ward, one of the firm, who, as well as the other members, holds a pharmacy license, was seized yesterday and stored in the constabulary warehouse near the court house. Mr. Hurlbut, a son-in-law of ex-Chief Justice Cole, one of the most active prohibition attorneys, sued out a replevin writ, and with a procession of drays went to the cellar yesterday afternoon. One dray had been loaded and had started, when Constable Pierce jumped up beside the driver, and with a navy revolver under his nose persuaded him to drive back, which episode was witnessed by fully 500 people. Lawyers think Mr. Ward, of the firm, will get the goods back, but they say it is a close shave. They also say that unless they get the stuff released, the Wardish company will be liable under the Clark law.

The Lee-Burton Rifle.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 19.—Official information has been received by the government that the Lee-Burton rifle, lately adopted for use in the British army, has been discarded. It appears that the gun is a combination of two American rifles, the Lee and the Burton, which was got up in Enfield arsenal and tested several times with apparent satisfaction. So sure were the military officials of the entire success of the new rifle that it is reported they manufactured a half million of the guns shortly after its adoption by the war office committee. About a month ago a number of rifles were distributed to an English regiment stationed at Durham, and it was found by experience that the rifles were unsuited for the army, as the recoil was too great and the stock too straight. It was, however, noticed that the rifle was a magnificent one for accurate shooting.

Cattle Dying by Thousands.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 19.—H. E. Simpson, postmaster at Albright, Mont., writes as follows: "The cattle in the ranges are dying by the thousands. Our winter has been comparatively mild, but we have not had any chinooks that we generally have. I have lost 50 per cent. of my cattle. A large number of native steers have been driven into the bottoms by the storms and are dying like flies. For days the range cattle have been coming into the valley by the thousands, wandering back and forth before the storm till they drop in their tracks." A stock man of eighteen years' experience writes from Billings: "This is the hardest winter I have ever experienced. I estimate my loss at 50 per cent. now and think it will reach 75 per cent."

CHICAGO BOODLERS.

It Is Believed That Over a Million Dollars Has Been Stolen From Cook County.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—The developments in the boodle sensation of the county board yesterday presage an earthquake shortly. It is believed that the county commissioners and others of the board who will be criminally held number thirteen. It is said that Mr. Schneider, the county plumber, is in the custody of Boland's detective agency, and has made a full confession, implicating the others. The gang are charged with stealing from \$300,000 to \$1,300,000.

The suspected men are in a panic, especially those of prominence, and a few, it is said, will follow the examples of Fulgraff and Duffy, the New York boodlers, and go on the stand and testify against their co-conspirators. It is stated that Pinkerton is employed by Mike McDonald and the county gang to "keep" the efforts of the prosecution. Some of the politicians are expected to start for Canada, and detectives are watching them.

Princess of Wall Streets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Mrs. Hetty Green, the princess of Wall street, who is reported to be worth \$30,000,000 and who is noted for her close business methods, wished to send securities to the amount of \$1,000,000 Reading railroad bonds to Philadelphia yesterday, for transfer. When she learned that the Express company would charge her \$100 for the service she threw the securities into a bag, saying: "I can go to Philadelphia and return for \$4. I will go myself and save \$96."

A Horrible Murder Mystery.

EDMONTON, Pa., Feb. 19.—Farmer Hibbs yesterday found the naked trunk of a man on the edge of a pond. The trunk was wrapped in paper and tied once, length and width, with light cord. The head and arms were saved off and the lower extremities lacked off. Examination showed the man had been murdered.

MANGANESE AND IRON.

GEORGIA'S RICHEST ORE BEDS TO BE DEVELOPED ON A GRAND SCALE.

The Most Important Enterprise in Georgia Since the War—A Purchase of Seventeen Thousand Acres of Land—Another Million Dollar Rolling Mill.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 19.—By far the most important enterprise that has been inaugurated in Georgia since the war is now fully under headway, and is being pushed with much vigor and determination by a syndicate composed of the presidents of two banks and ten other of the most substantial citizens of the state. The origin of this enterprise is the purchase recently of what is known as the Etowah property, three miles from Cartersville and about fifty miles from Atlanta.

The property consists of about seventeen thousand acres of the choicest mineral and most productive agricultural lands in Georgia a large portion of which is covered by a dense forest of oak and pine timber. Much of the tract fronts on the Western & Atlantic railroad, and before the war a short railroad, built by the owners of the property, ran through a portion of the tract to several mines and furnaces which were then being operated. Gen. Sherman in his march to the sea destroyed the road. At that time several furnaces and rolling mills were in successful operation, the product of which was nails and merchant iron, much of which was sold in Georgia and adjacent states. During the war a considerable portion of the product of these mines was used in making horse-shoes.

The Etowah Iron and Manganese company, which has recently acquired this magnificent property, will commence at once to lay iron on the old roadbed, and extend the line through the tract so as to give ample facilities for the development of every acre of this immense territory. A large force of hands will be put to work building this line as soon as the survey, which is now going on, is completed. Negotiations are being made for the construction of several hundred houses for the use of the operators who will be employed in the various enterprises that will soon be established there. The Etowah river, noted for its immense water power, runs through the greater portion of the land, besides which several smaller streams, giving additional water power, traverse the property, and, after enriching the lands through which they run, flow into the Etowah. Four miles of this river show a fall of seventy feet, and furnish a water power of nearly twelve thousand horsepower at the lowest stage of water. The character of minerals to be found is principally iron and manganese, while vast quantities of baryta, ochre, limestone, sandstone, talc and asbestos are to be found in every section.

The manganese is of the best quality, many samples of which yield 55 per cent. of manganese metal, and is found in immense quantities, so much so that the supply is believed to be inexhaustible. Several large shipments of it have been made to Europe, and there is a ready demand for all that can be taken out. These deposits of manganese are thought to be all that there are in Georgia, and in consequence their value cannot be overestimated. To make any kind of showing in taking out this wealth of manganese it will require the removal of several million tons, and then an abundance will be left to supply even the most exorbitant demands.

The iron ore to be had on the property not only abounds in vast and measureless quantities, but the output from the various openings that have been made show a remarkable variety in the way of quality. The heavy growth of oak and pine timber which covers a considerable portion of the tract will furnish an abundance of charcoal, and several charcoal chemical furnaces will be constructed at once, so as to utilize the wood. Besides this, the company will construct an immense smelting mill for manganese and another for iron ore.

Another enterprise which will be established will be a million dollar rolling-mill for the manufacture of steel rails, and several other mills for the production of merchant and bar iron. Other enterprises, such as a mill for making nails, one for the manufacture of horse-shoes—and, in fact, numberless factories for turning out all kinds of goods to be produced from iron and steel will be put up. The construction of car-wheels is also being favorably discussed, with a strong probability that both of these enterprises will be under headway within the next eighteen months.

The old flouring mill, the remnants of which are still to be seen, and when in operation before the war produced about five hundred barrels of flour daily, will be rebuilt on the most improved style. These enterprises are among the number now determined upon. As the work of development progresses others of like importance will be inaugurated. With its magnificent water power, its boundless forests of oak and pine timber, and the inexhaustible supply of manganese and iron ores, manufactures and enterprises of all characters can be established there upon a sound footing and made to pay from the beginning.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 19.—Amanda Gary, a colored woman of Spartanburg, went to sleep on Thursday last and has not yet aroused from her slumbers. Her breathing is regular and her condition normal. She has taken neither food nor water for several days, is unable to exercise her will and does not seem to understand anything that is said to her.

The League's Eighth Club.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—In accordance with suggestions from Messrs. Day, of the New York, and Spaulding, of the Chicago clubs, President Young this afternoon issued a call for a meeting to consider the question of the eighth club in the league for the ensuing year. The meeting will be held at Pittsburgh.

A Child Burned to Death.

MADISON, Ind., Feb. 19.—The three-year-old child of John Schilling, residing on North Walnut street, while playing about a fire in the yard had her clothes ignited and almost entirely burned from her body before assistance arrived. After several hours of terrible suffering death came to her relief.

OUR SEA COAST DEFENSES.

The Toast Responded to by Senator Hawley at a Baltimore Banquet.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 19.—The Merchants' and Manufacturers' association held their annual banquet at the Carrollton yesterday evening. Covers were laid for 200 persons. There were many distinguished people present, including United States Senators Hawley, of Connecticut; Morgan, of Alabama; Garman and Wilson, of Maryland; Representatives W. C. T. Brockbridge, of Arkansas; Long, of Massachusetts; Butterworth, of Ohio; Henderson, of Iowa; Norwood, of Georgia; Bacon, of New York; and Ministers Romero, of Mexico; and Sotelo, of Venezuela. Mr. John Hurst presided. Senator Hawley sat on his left and Senator Morgan on his right. The speaking did not begin until 11:30 p. m. Senator Morgan, of Alabama, responded to the toast of "Our Foreign Relations." Mr. Morgan confined himself to a discussion of the subject just so far as it related to the South American and Central American republics, and advocated a closer commercial relationship between these republics and the United States.

Senator Joseph R. Hawley spoke for fifteen minutes about "Our Sea Coast Defenses." He said we had no defenses, so there could be little said about them. "We are a people of peace; we want no annexation, not even an island, unless we can waste it to, for we have no navy to take care of it. There was nothing so striking as the carelessness of the people of this country for the last twenty-three years with regard to coast defenses. There was something splendid in the audacity of this people, wallowing about like an old whale defenseless, without navy or guns, or harbor defenses of any kind. He said that we improvised a navy during the civil war, but it was a different thing to improvise a navy for a foreign war. The ingenuity and enterprise are in this country to build up a navy such as we had years ago, and he hoped to see it done. We are practically at the mercy of foreign nations, even of Chile. We don't moderate war, but we should have defenses so that we can have the great American privilege of talking back. We have a duty and a place to take among nations." He said that he was proud of the unanimity with which the senate within the last two days had voted \$50,000,000 to improve our sea coast defenses.

The other toasts and responses were as follows: "The Fishery Question," Hon. John D. Long.

"What Shall be Done with the Surplus?" Hon. W. C. T. Brockbridge.

"The New South," Hon. Thomas M. Norwood, of Georgia.

"The Press," M. P. Hardy, of Philadelphia.

"Transportation Viewed in Its Relations to Commerce," Benjamin Butterworth, of Ohio.

"The Great West," D. B. Henderson, of Iowa.

"The Three Americas and Their Four Hundredth Anniversary," Mr. A. D. Anderson, of Washington.

"Protection," J. V. L. Findlay, of Maryland.

"Review of the Tariff," Isadore Raynor, of Maryland.

Sold the Dead Body for \$10.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 19.—Mr. Ernest W. Rau, a German, editor of a Bavarian weekly paper called Briesche Wochenblatt, died yesterday morning at the residence of Warner Rieve, with whom he boarded. A certificate of death was duly issued, and a burial permit given by the health commissioners. Yesterday afternoon word was received at police headquarters that Rau's body was in the dissecting room of the Maryland university. Upon investigation by the police it was discovered that the body had not been buried at all, but had been sold to the medical college by Rieve for \$10. Rieve was arrested. He explained it that he did not sell the body for his own benefit, and that he was only carrying out the wish of Rau, and did not know he was violating a law. A post mortem developed to a fact that death was due to exposure and excessive drink. Rieve will have a hearing.

A Brutal Prize Fight.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—George Ducharme, better known as Tom Chandler's unknown, and James Dohogany, who fought a draw with Frank Glover on three different occasions, fought twenty rounds at a point just outside the city limits last night. The fight was witnessed by about fifty board of trade operators, and was for the gate receipts, which amounted to \$500. The fight was so fierce and the blows that were exchanged were so severe that many of the spectators weakened and were obliged to leave the room. Ducharme had the best of the fight all the way through, and finally knocked Dohogany out. At the close both men were covered with blood. Their jaws and eyes were swollen and black, and their features generally distorted. The affair had been kept very quiet, and the police were unaware that any such event was going on.

Retired From Athletic Sports.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Malcolm W. Ford, champion amateur all-round athlete, has retired from athletics entirely. He will go into a manufacturing business in Brooklyn, the capital being furnished by his father and brother on condition that he sever his connection with sporting matters. He has resigned from the New York Athletic club.

Suicided to Prevent a Crime.

FRANKLIN, Ky., Feb. 19.—Wilson M. Wright, forty-five, a prominent farmer and stockman near here, committed suicide last night by shooting himself in the head with a pistol. It is supposed that the cause of the rash act was fear of a certain man in his vicinity who had threatened to kill him. Mr. Wright leaves a widow and two children.

Flood Damages.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 19.—At 11 a. m. to-day Foster & Sweeting's malt house, at Palmyra, was cleared of water. Nine thousand bushels of barley have been destroyed, and the malt house is so badly damaged that it is feared it may fall. The creek is now slowly rising.

An Aged Couple Burned to Death.

WOOSTER, O., Feb. 19.—A report comes from Dalton that the father and mother of State Representative Baughman were burned to death at that place last night. Their house took fire and burned so quickly that the aged couple were unable to make their escape.

3 East Second Street, Maysville.

THE LABORERS' HARD LOT.

ANOTHER NEW YORK STRIKE LIABLE TO PROVE A FAILURE.

The Coopers Have Lost Confidence in District Assembly No. 49—The Labor Question Agitating the Southern Farmers and Planters—Other Labor News.

New York, Feb. 19.—The strike of coopers in this city has not yet interfered with the trade of the millers, partly because it is now the dull season and there is an immense stock of barrels on hand, and from the fact the Knights of Labor Assembly No. 49 have not yet been able to get control of the men employed at one of the largest cooperages in the vicinity. Another reason that the strike is a failure is that the desire of many of the coopers to return to work causes a lack of confidence in District Assembly No. 49.

The cause of this want of faith in the fiasco made by the longshoremen's strike, and the reputation by Forty-nine of all responsibility when failure had to be acknowledged and the refusal to support those longshoremen who had given up good positions to obey the call of the committee to come out. The master coopers have large stocks of barrels on hand and a plentiful supply can be obtained from the many little cooperages which only employ from six to twenty men, and which are scattered all over the city.

One man says he will bring colored men from his North Carolina shops if the strikers won't accept his terms. He will keep them out anyway now until April 1. He always has paid the men's own rates and treated them right, and now he will conduct his business as he pleases and not as the men choose to dictate. If necessary barrels will be brought from Minneapolis, where there are millions always on hand. But it is not expected that this will be necessary. Many of the coopers who went out only did so from fear of personal injury and would embrace the first chance they can get to work.

The longshoremen are gradually finding places, if not on the pier, elsewhere, and it is estimated that two-thirds of the strikers are now at work.

Peculiar Labor Phase in the South.

New Orleans, Feb. 19.—The labor question is still agitating the farmers and planters of the hill country of Cent. Mississippi, and those who are losing their lands are making it hot for the labor agents. The latest sensation in this line is the expulsion of G. H. Hammond, an old resident of Harrison, on the Mississippi Valley road, from that town for inducing negroes to leave the county for the swamp. Hammond is well to do. He was prominent in county politics in Cowan county for some years, but lately went to Harrison, where he opened a hotel and boarding-house, and went into business as a merchant. He prospered there, and was able to purchase considerable real estate in the town. For some weeks past he has been suspected of being a silent partner in one of the labor agencies operating in that neighborhood.

As the planters continued to lose their tenants, detectives were engaged to discover who it was persuaded so many negroes to leave the county, and after a party of twenty-five first-class hotel hands departed through Harrison, it was discovered that Hammond was the agent who enticed them to leave. The agents had been warned away from Harrison, and no exception was made in Hammond's case. He was not molested until the detectives were fully satisfied that it was through him so many negroes had been carried off. P. B. McClure, of Fayette, was found to be equally guilty, and an indignation meeting was held at the Fayette court house. A committee of twenty-five was selected to wait on the men and warn them away. McClure was notified, and at once left the place. The planters called on Hammond and gave him twenty-four hours in which to leave. He was not allowed to argue, and as the committee evidently meant business, he did not hesitate. Both men are now refusing in Vicksburg.

The K. of L. at the Cincinnati Convention.
PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 19.—General Master Workman Powderly says the order of the Knights of Labor must not be dragged into politics. If local assemblies elect delegates to the Cincinnati convention next week those delegates can only speak for the locals that sent them. The Knights of Labor as an organization will not be represented at that convention, and any action, political or otherwise, adopted there will not be binding upon the members of the Knights of Labor.

Tanners' Strike a Failure.

Pittsburg, Feb. 19.—The Allegheny tanners who struck three weeks ago for an advance in wages of twenty-five cents per day have decided to resume work next Monday at the old wages.

Dynamite Works Blown Up.

BRADFORD, Pa., Feb. 19.—The compound works of Alfred & Dean, at Eldred, Pa., blew up at 4:30 yesterday. The works manufacture a species of dynamite. It was while mixing the glycerine and chemicals that the works caught fire. The three employees deserted the place and all escaped in safety but one man named Elliott, who was badly cut about the head. Five dwelling houses and a saw mill close by were wrecked, and window glass was broken for a mile away. Three women, one the wife of Mr. Alfred, were in one of the wrecked houses and was badly hurt.

England Buying War Horses in America.
PITTSBURGH, Feb. 19.—The Chronicle-Telegraph publishes a lengthy article, in which it is stated that two months ago a number of Englishmen came over to this country, who have since been circulating through Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois and Kentucky, engaged in the purchase of horses. These men are believed to be secret agents sent out by the English government to secure horses for use in the event of war. The particular points necessary in the selection of horses was that they should be large and perfectly sound and able to withstand unusual hardship.

A Railroad in Hard Luck.

MONTREAL, Feb. 19.—The Canadian Pacific has been in hard luck this winter, owing to the severe weather. Some sections have been completely blocked for about three weeks and no through trains have went west of Winnipeg for twenty-three days. The obstructions have been worst in the Selkirk range. In many places the snow sheds have been crushed by the weight of snow upon them and the situation has been further aggravated by a number of landslides. Taken altogether the position the officers are placed in is very discouraging.

The Ohio River Again Rising.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 19.—The river began rising again last night at the rate of two in-

ches an hour, and by 4 a. m. had reached forty-eight feet and ten inches on the marks. The rise continued through the forenoon and there was general apprehension that we would have more trouble from a flood rise than we had week before last. Ever since that time the river has been lingering within a foot or two of the danger line. With such a big river the result of recent heavy rains especially those of last night, was greatly feared.

Wanted for Embezzlement.

New York, Feb. 19.—Edward Schwartz, a merchant of Cleveland, O., was arrested here to-day on a warrant from that place, charging him with aiding and abetting Isaac H. Stanley, paying teller in the National bank of commerce, of Cleveland, in embezzling \$7,000 of the bank's money. Schwartz was taken before United States Commissioner Shields, and was released on furnishing \$3,000 bail for his appearance in Cleveland.

Costing Accident.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 19.—At Chittenango last night, five boys were coasting on two bob sleds on a steep hill with sharp curves, when, without warning, they collided with Mr. and Mrs. Burdette Standard, who was driving in a cutter. The boys were all badly injured and one may die. Two are delirious to-day. Mr. and Mrs. Standard were thrown to the ground, but not seriously injured.

The Death of an Assassin.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 1.—On Tuesday night the citizens of Hopeville were attracted to the house of Peter Kamrack by pistol shots. They found Kamrack and his wife on the floor with several bullet wounds and bleeding copiously. Kamrack claims that a masked man entered the house with a revolver and a dirk in either hand and opened fire on them. One shot hit Kamrack on the leg and two took effect in the woman's breast. He then stabbed the woman in a shocking manner and escaped. Mrs. Kamrack died from the effects of her wounds. A posse is after the assassin, but no clue has been found that will lead to his arrest.

Boodlers in Quebec.

QUEBEC, Feb. 19.—The Mercury last night charged Charles Langlier, a prominent advocate and a brother of the mayor, with having received \$15,000 from H. J. Beemer, a Montreal contractor, for securing for him a contract for the city water works. The article gives the names of thirteen persons, among whom the boodle was divided. The mayor is charged with having received \$64,800, and Advocate Langlier's share is said to have been \$5,030. The shares of councillors and others are said to have ranged from \$2,100 to \$5,450.

A Small Cyclone.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 19.—High winds blew down Western Union telegraph lines and poles crossing Court street bridge soon after noon to-day, and carried away two spans of the bridge. An unknown woman was carried into the river and drowned.

J. T. Harralson, of the L. & N. Resigns.
LOUISVILLE, Feb. 19.—J. T. Harralson, general manager of the Louisville & Nashville, has tendered his resignation, to go on an eastern road. J. G. Metcalf, present general superintendent, is to succeed him.

The Bridge Jumping Crank.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 19.—Lawrence Donovan, the Brooklyn bridge jumper, leaped into the Schuylkill river from Chestnut Street bridge, at 7 o'clock this morning. He was arrested and held in \$500 bail.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a terse and spicy manner.

The flood at Lyons, Mich., has subsided. Pope Leo believes his influence has averted a European war.

Germany has demanded that France shall observe neutrality in event of an eastern war.

New York's legislature is considering a bill to prevent the custom of "treating" to drinks.

Near Hazleton, Pa., robbers entered Peter Kramak's house and murdered Kramak and his wife.

Four trains on Denver railroads were hurled from the tracks by a wind storm. No fatalities.

At Kinross, Pa., Eddie Coose, aged sixteen, came to life in his coffin. He had been suffocated by gas.

Scotch miners are discontented at their wages. They threaten the greatest revolution that country has ever known.

A special jury has been called to try the election frauds at St. Louis next month. There are nearly one hundred indictments.

The disabled Guion steamer Wisconsin that went ashore off Fire Island, has arrived at her pier. A heavy fog was the cause of the accident.

Edward Unger, on trial in New York for the murder of Louis Bohl, gave a dramatic account in court of the killing, claiming self-defense.

The G. A. R. state encampment of Illinois passed a resolution demanding this congress to pass the dependent pension bill over the president's veto.

The naked trunk of a man, wrapped in paper, was found on the edge of a pond at Edgington, Pa. The body had not been dead twenty-four hours.

John Benton, Thomas Woodrough, Julius Bagot, William Carver and James McCormick were killed at Lavant, Ont., by a falling roof in a mine.

The West Virginia legislature has passed a joint resolution to submit a prohibition amendment to the people. The senatorial deadlock continues.

Professor E. E. Barnard, of Vanderbilt university, Nashville, announces the discovery of a new comet, very faint, and moving in a northwesterly direction.

The tow boat Pat McLaughlin, Memphis, turned bottom up and floated down the river. The crew were rescued. Waves from a passing steamer caused the accident.

The general passenger agents west, north and south, at a meeting in Chicago, have declared that the interstate commerce law prohibits all passes, save exchange railroad passes.

Edward Schwartz, a merchant of Cleveland, is under arrest at New York for complicity with Teller Stanley, of the Bank of Commerce, of Cleveland, in the embezzlement of \$7,000.

The National Association of Merchant Tailors of the United States of America was organized in Philadelphia, by representatives of the various merchant tailors' exchanges throughout the country.

GOOCH'S MEXICAN SYRUP

OF WILD CHERRY, TAR, GLYCERINE, ETC. WILL CURE CONSUMPTION,
and is the best remedy for the cure of all affections of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, such as Consumption, Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Grip, Pain or Oppression of the Chest, Hoarseness, Spitting of Blood, and all Pulmonary Diseases.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!

WE have the gratifying fact to know that it can be cured with GOOCH'S MEXICAN SYRUP. Tuberculous matter is nothing more than nourishment imperfectly organized. Now, if we can procure the organization of this food material so that through the process of electric affinity it may take its place in the system, we can cure the disease. This is just what this syrup does. It at once stops the progress of the disease by preventing the further supply of tuberculous matter, for while the system is under its influence all nourishment is organized and assimilated. It thus controls Cough, Night Sweats and all other symptoms of Consumption. Consumption is one of the most loathsome and terrible of all fatal diseases, and makes the life of the poor consumptive a hell on earth. Until recently that terrible disease has been considered an affliction beyond the reach of medicine; but a new era in the management of pulmonary diseases seems to be dawning upon the scientific medical world, and, since many distinguished physicians have acknowledged that consumption can be cured, few there are who attempt to controvert their opinion. To those singled out as victims to that fatal malady, we offer a remedy sure in its result, and which back health to their poor weakened frames, and joy to the hearts of their friends.

Consumptives, because all other things fail, believe that MEXICAN SYRUP will. Not a single and over need perish if he or she will take GOOCH'S MEXICAN SYRUP in time. A cough is unlike any other symptom of disease. It stands a conspirator, with threatening vice, menacing the health and existance of a vital organ; so commence at once at the first indication of a cough. TRY IT, you who suffer, and be convinced. Do you want to be saved from a consumptive's grave? Then make one more trial. This remedy is in the reach of everybody; it only costs 50 cents a bottle. In your life not worth 50 cents? I do, make one more trial. Is not your life indeed worth one more trial? Test the truth of our words, only by one single bottle; and never give way to despair till you are certain there is no hope. It has cured thousands, and it will cure you. As we would plead with a friend, to save him from taking his own life, we plead with you to save yourselves from a premature grave. We positively guarantee a perceptible and untimely improvement when the medicine is faithfully and persistently used.

PREPARED BY THE CINCINNATI DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., 54 Main St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

If not on sale at nearest dealer, will send two bottles, post paid, on receipt of \$1.00.

Must All Be Sold. SPECIAL PRICES.

No Winter Goods to be carried over. At some price they must go. Newmarkets at \$3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50 and 5.00, just half former price; Children's Cloaks, 25 to 33 per cent. less than cost—the whole lot to be closed out at a great sacrifice; Red Flannels at 15, 20 and 25 cents per yard; Grey Flannels at 12½, 15, 18, 20 and 25 cents per yard; Grey Blankets, large size, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00; White Blankets, \$1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50 and 3.00 per pair; Dress Goods at 12½, 15, 20 and 25 cents per yard; Cashmeres and Tricots marked down less than cost; Good Jeans at 20, 25 and 35 cents per yard; Woolen Hosiery reduced to close; cut prices made on all Winter Goods. Remember the place: 24 Market street,

CHEAPEST STORE IN TOWN! J. W. Sparks & Bro

NEW EMBROIDERIES

Direct from the manufactories in Switzerland. The largest and most complete line ever brought to this market. White and Colored Edgings, Insertings and Allovers. Before buying get our prices: they are the Cheapest. These goods will be put on sale to-day, January 21st. Call and see them.

NESBITT & McKRELL.

RUNYON'S STOCK OF DRY GOODS, Notions, &c., will be sold regardless of prices within the next ten days. The lease will be surrendered and the fixtures sold. In the stock are many valuable goods, at prices which will command the attention of all cash buyers. Remember the place:

M. E. RUNYON,
January's Block.

J. BALLENGER.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, and JEWELRY, SPECTACLES.

FANCY GOODS.

WEAK, UNDEVELOPED PARTS Of the body enlarged and strengthened. Fall parties are sent sealed free. ERIC MED. CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

ADVERTISING, all kinds, this office.

YOU ARE INVITED

To call at the Mainmth Furniture Store of HENRY ORT, to inspect his large stock of Furniture, consisting of Parlor and Chamber Suits, miscellaneous

FURNITURE

In the newest styles, which will be offered at prices uniformly low on every article. He stores a large stock especially for the little folks, consisting of

TOY SETS, BEDSTEADS, BUREAUS, SIDEBORDS, VELOCIPEDES, HOBBY-HORSES,

Tables and Desks.

We are offering great opportunities. Do not fail to call and examine our stock and get our prices.

HENRY ORT,
Second St., - - Maysville.

SOMETHING NEW

G. S. HANCOCK,
No. 49 Market street, Maysville, Ky., for good and cheap

Groceries and Produce,
and everything usually kept in a first-class retail grocery. Cash or trade for produce. **Honest weight and square dealing.**

MALTBY, BENTLEY & CO.,
—Wholesale and Retail—

GROCERS!

WINE, LIQUORS, TOBACCOS AND TEAS
Fine Concord Wine for medicinal purposes.
No. 19, Market Street.

ROBERT BISSET,
—PRACTICAL—

PLUMBER

Gas and Steam Fitter.
Orders promptly attended to. No. 25 Second street.

FRANK E. HAUCKE,
House, Sign and
ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.
Shop a few doors above Yancey & Alexander's delivery stable, second street.

T. J. CURLEY,
Sanitary Plumber,
GAS & STEAM FITTER,
Curley's new system of House Drainage and Ventilation. Bath rooms fitted up with hot and cold water a specialty. Also a large supply of
Iron, Lead and Stone Pipe,
Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and Steam Ganges, Force and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose, Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Personal attention given to all work and satisfaction guaranteed. T. J. CURLEY, Second street, above Market, opposite Omar Dodson's, Maysville, Ky. **Reliably**